Brief Research Communication

Street Children and Rehabilitation Services in Pakistan

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The present study was conducted to examine efficacy of rehabilitation services for emotional and intellectual functioning of street children in Pakistan. It was hypothesized that emotional and intellectual functioning and achievement of street children would improve after availing rehabilitation services. Pre and post design was used and 17 street children were recruited through an organization. Human Figure Drawing (Koppitz, 1968) and Draw-a Person Intellectual Ability test (Reynolds & Hickman, 2004) were individually administered to assess emotional and intellectual functioning and achievement of street children. Paired-Samples *t*-test analyses revealed significant improvement in emotional functioning, intellectual ability and achievement of street children subsequent to the provision of rehabilitation services. It is concluded that rehabilitation services are useful for emotional well being and intellectual functioning of street children.

Keywords: Street children, rehabilitation, emotional functioning, intellectual ability